

LIVSHITS, Yu. T.; SHIDLOVSKAYA, R. F.

Economics of the production of vinyl chloride copolymers.
Plast. massy no. 5:48-49 '64. (MIRA 17:5)

LIVSHITS, Yu.T.

Interchangeability of some polymeric materials. Plast. massy
no.5:1-2 '65. (MIRA 10:6)

LIVSHITS, Yu.Ya.

New data on upper Permian sediments in the lower Kureyka River.
Inform. biul. NIIGA no.2:26-31 '58. (MIRA 12:10)
(Kureyka Valley--Geology, Stratigraphic)

LIVSHITS, Yu.Ya.; GOLOVANOV, H.P.

Stratigraphy of volcanic formations in the Kureyka-Khantayka
interfluvium (northwestern Siberian Platform). Inform.biul.
NIIGA no.13:28-33 '59. (MIRA 13:5)
(Kureyka Valley--Geology, Stratigraphic)
(Khantayka Valley--Geology, Stratigraphic)

210-1111-1111
GUREVICH, Ya.D.; SMIRNOV, A.S.; LIVSHITS, Z.I.; LOSEV, M.T.; BALANOVSKIY, S.A.;
UDYANSKIY, N.Ya.; MURAV'YEV, V.M.; AMIYAN, V.A.; LOZGACHEV, P.M.;
OFROSIMOV, V.S.; POPOV, S.S.; MATSKIN, L.A.; RATUSH, P.P.; PARFENOV,
Ye.I.; DUBROVINA, N.D., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.red.

[Soviet petroleum industry] Neftianaya promyshlennost' SSSR.
Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry,
1958. 330 p. (MIRA 11:3)
(Petroleum industry)

LIVSHITS, Yu.Ya.

Stratigraphy of Permian deposits in the southwestern shore area
of Lake Khantayskoye (southern part of the Noril'sk region).
Sbor.st.po paleont. i biostrat. no.15:16-26 '59. (MIRA 13:4)
(Khantayskoye region--Geology, Stratigraphic)

LIVSHITS, Yu.Ya.

Study of coal metamorphism in the part of the Tunguska Basin near the
Yenisey River. Inform.biul.NIIGA no.18:40-43 '60. (MIRA 14:6)
(Tunguska Basin—Coal geology)

LIVSHITS, Yu.Ya.; SOKOLOV, V.N.

Conference on the geology of the Spitsbergen archipelago. Sov. geol.
8 no.4:150-155 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geologii Arktiki.

LIVSHITS, Yu.Ya.

Results of the conference on the geology of the Spitsbergen
archipelago. Uch. zap. NIIGA. Reg. geol. no.4:265-270 '64.
(MIRA 18:12)

LIVSHITS, Z. YE.

"Experience in Intra-Arterial Blood Transfusion in Serious Shock and the Terminal State," by Docent Z. Ye. Livshits, Chair of Surgery, Belorussian Institute for Advanced Training of Physicians (head of chair, Prof A. M. Boldin; institute director, Prof M. N. Zhukova), Zdravookhraneniye Belorussii, No 2, Feb 57, pp 56-58 ✓

The author presents his observations on the successful transfusion of blood into the femoral artery in serious shock and collapse. He states that the results achieved confirm the data of many clinicians that this method of transfusion has fully proved its merit under the above conditions. The technique of transfusion and the case histories of several patients are given. (U)

54M.1374

LIVSHITS, Zinoviy Yefimovich

[Achievements in present-day Soviet surgery] Uspekhi sovremennoi
sovetskoi khirurgii] Minsk, 1958. 27 p. (Obshchestvo po raspro-
straneniю politicheskikh i nauchnykh znani Belorusskoi SSR, no.19)
(SURGERY) (MIRA 12:3)

LIVSHITS, ^{Ye} Z.; KENIGSBERG, N.

In memory of F.V. Abramovich. Zdrav. Belor. 5 no.2:63 P '59.
(ABRAMOVICH, FRANZ VIKENT'EVICH, 1864-~~1934~~)

LIVSHITS, Z.Ye., dotsent

Penetrating wound of the left heart ventricle with injury of
the descending branch of the left coronary artery. Zdrav.
Belor. 5 no.7:59 J1 '59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Iz khirurgicheskoy kliniki (zaveduyushchiy - prof.A.M.
Boldin) Instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey.
(HEART--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)
(CORONARY VESSELS--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

LIVSHITS, Z.Ye., dotsent

Diagnostic importance of quantitative determination of
uropepsin. Zdrav. Bel. 8 no.4:21-23 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz kliniki khirurgii Belorusskogo instituta usovershenst-
vovaniya vrachey (zaveduyushchiy - prof. A.M. Boldin).
(UROPEPSIN) (GASTRIC JUICE)

LIVSHITS, Z.Ye., dotsent

Esophageal hiatal hernia of the diaphragm. Zdrav. Bel. 9 no.8:
83-84 Ag'63 (MIRA 17:3)

1. Iz kafedry khirurgii (zav. - prof. A.M. Boldin) Belorusske-
go gosudarstvennogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir.
dotsent N.Ye. Savchenko).

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological).
Metabolism.

T-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 13, 1958, No. 60101

Author : Livshits-Vorob'yeva, P. G.
Inst : Dnepropetrovsk City Division of Public Health, 10th
City Hospital

Title : The Nicotinic Acid Effect on Some Metabolic Indexes
in Botkin's Disease

Orig Pub : Sb. nauchn. rabot. Dnepropetr. gor. otd. zdravookhr.
10-ya gor. bol'nitsa, Dnepropetrovsk, 1957, 5-12

Abstract : No abstract given

Card 1/1

LIVSHITSIN, S.Ye., starshiy prepodavatel'.

Calculating an unbalanced bridge with semiconductor thermometer for measuring low temperatures. Trudy LTIKHP 11:90-108 '56. (MLRA 10:6)

1. Kafedra kholodil'nykh ustanovok.
(Temperature--Measurement) (Electric instruments)

LIVSHITSYN, S. E.; GOLYAND, M. M.

"Development of interchangeable heat-flow meters with a small thermosensitive element."

report submitted for 2nd All-Union Conf on Heat & Mass Transfer, Minsk,
4-12 May 1964.

Leningrad Technological Inst of the Refrigeration Industry."

L 10785-66 FBD/EWT(1)/EEC(k)-2/T/EWP(k)/EWA(m)-2/EWA(h) SCTB/IJP(L) 17/66
ACC NR: AP5028927 SOURCE CODE: UR/0185/65/010/011/1267/1270

AUTHOR: Livshyts', B. L.; Tsykunov, V. M.

ORG: Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry Im. M.S. Kurnakov, AN SSSR, Moscow
(Instytut zahal'noyi ta neorganichnoyi khimii AN SRSR)

TITLE: Generation of induced radiation under the prestationary condition

SOURCE: Ukrayins'kyy fizychnyy zhurnal, v. 10, no. 11, 1965, 1267-1270

TOPIC TAGS: quantum generator, quantum electronics, electron optics

ABSTRACT: The article considers the nature of the transition of an optical quantum generator into a stationary condition, reduced to the solution of the following system of equations:

$$\frac{dn}{dt} = -\frac{n - n_c}{\tau} - \sum_i Dg_i n P_i,$$

$$\frac{dN_i}{dt} = -\gamma_i N_i + \int_0^L Dg_i n P_i dx,$$

when differences of n and N_i from n_c and N_{ic} , corresponding to stationary conditions, can be considered small as compared with n_c and N_{ic} . This case is termed the prestationary

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L 10785-66

ACC NR: AP5028927

condition. In the equations n is the overpopulation of the upper level of the working transition, n_0 is the overpopulation of the same level which occurs in the absence of induced radiation, τ is a quantity which at low filling practically coincides with the life-span of the active centers in the excited state, g_i is the ordinate of the luminescent line which corresponds to the frequency of the second mode, D is the quantity proportional to the Einstein coefficient for the induced transition, N_i is the doubled number of photons in the i th mode, γ_i is the loss coefficient per photon per unit time, L is the optical length of the resonator and $I_i = N_i(t) (1 - \cos \frac{2\pi c n_i}{L} z)$. Authors express their gratitude to Academician AN SSSR I. V. Obreymov for his attention and interest in this work and also to Ch. K. Mukhtarov for valuable discussions. Orig. art. has: 19 formulas.

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SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 03Aug65 / ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 003

HW
Card 2/2

LITON, 1: 0.,

"Selection of an Efficient Number of Addresses for a Digital Computer," Voprosy teorii matematicheskikh mashin; sbornik pervyy (Problems of the Theory of Mathematical Computing Machines; Collection of Articles, V. 1) Moscow, Fizmatgiz, 1958. 230 p.

This article consists of the following sections: 1) Command structure; 2) Evaluation of command efficiency of various addresses; 3) Conclusions.

LIVSON, Z. A.

23298. Tekhnologicheskiye issledovaniya khirpichno-cherepichnykh glin mariupol'skogo mestorozhdeniya. Trudy khar'k. Khim.-Tekhnol. in-ta im. Kirova, vyp. 7, 1949, s. 125-34.---Bibliogr: 5 Nazv.

SO: LETOPIS' NO. 31, 1949

LIVSON, Z. A.

23297. Tekhnologicheskiye issledovaniya Gipsa mikhaylovskogo mestofozhdeniya.
Trudy Khark, Khim-Tekhnol. in-ta im. Kirova, vyp. 7, 1949, c.135-39

SO: LETOPIS' NO. 31, 1949

KUKOLEV, G.V., Prof. LIVSON, Z.A., Docent

Refractory Materials

Experience of the Khar'kov Tile Factory with moistening the raw material for the production of refractory bricks with steam, Ogneupory 17, No. 6, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 1952. UnClassified.

LIVSON, Z. A.

Laboratory experiments of the production of
ground magnesite charges of magnesite

Livson Z. A. 1967
Laboratory 11-12-67. The process of
for magnesite (magnesium carbonate) is
ing the raw material (magnesium carbonate)
rotary disk (magnesium carbonate) is
process are higher (magnesium carbonate)
an average of 10-15% (magnesium carbonate)
tions is 10-15% (magnesium carbonate)
osting of magnesite (magnesium carbonate)
generators are 10-15% (magnesium carbonate)
of the granules (magnesium carbonate)
magnesium carbonate (magnesium carbonate)

11-12-67
The process of magnesite (magnesium carbonate)
magnesium carbonate (magnesium carbonate)
magnesium carbonate (magnesium carbonate)

with excellent success. Addns. of 5% sulfur waste
to the mud (contg. 20-24% H_2O) may be profitable for
improving the shaping of the granules, but the frame of
the solid granule with a degree of compactness
peaks the level of compactness

magnesium carbonate (magnesium carbonate)
magnesium carbonate (magnesium carbonate)

SOV/81-59-9-32077

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, 1959, Nr 9, pp 356 - 357 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Livson, Z. A.

TITLE: The Optimum Conditions for the Preparation of Raw Material in the Burning of Refractory Materials in Rotating Furnaces

PERIODICAL: Tr. Khar'kovsk. politekhn. in-ta, 1958, Vol 17, pp 225 - 232

ABSTRACT: The conditions have been investigated for the preparation of raw material in the burning of Satka magnesite, Pologi kaolin and two raw material cement slimes from Kramatorsk chalk and clay, and from this chalk and blast-furnace slag in rotating furnaces. The following methods for the preparation of raw material for burning have been studied: in the form of lumps, in the form of wet-ground slime with and without additions, and in the form of a slime which has been dehydrated by filtration. As additions were used: caustic magnesite, soluble glass, a combined peptizator, soda, sulfite-alcohol slops, $MgCl_2$, laurel-leaf willow (*Salix pentandra*), pyrite cinders, etc. It has been established that the wet method of raw material preparation reduces dust loss and makes it possible to introduce additions into the

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SOV/81-59-9-32077

The Optimum Conditions for the Preparation of Raw Material in the Burning of Refractory Materials in Rotating Furnaces

slime which reduce the dust loss and the sintering temperature. The introduction of additions of liquid glass or iron-containing clay into the magnesite slime also reduces dust loss and the sintering temperature of the magnesite. It is pointed out that the magnesite slime can be dehydrated on filters of continuous action. For the dehydration of cement slimes disk vacuum filters with knife skimming are recommended. Kaolin slime without additions filters very badly. Its filtration rate can be increased twice by heating and introducing $MgCl_2$ additions. It is noted that the application of vacuum filters for the dehydration of magnesite and similar slimes shows a great economy of fuel and increases the output of the rotating furnaces sharply.

G.M.

Card 2/2

30623

SOV/81-59-5-16254

15.2130

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Khimiya, 1959, Nr 5, p 362 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Kukolev, G.V., Livson, Z.A., Piven', I.Ya.

TITLE: The Effect of the Enamel Composition on the Mechanical Resistance of Porcelain Insulators

PERIODICAL: Tr. Khar'kovsk. politekhn. in-ta, 1958, Vol 18, pp 207 - 210

ABSTRACT: The possibility of increasing the mechanical resistance of insulators was investigated at the Slavyansk Insulator Plant im. Artem by changing the composition of brown enamel with the molar formula: 0.0156 MnO, 0.0733 CaO, 0.0635 Al₂O₃, 0.0436 MgO, 0.0073 Fe₂O₃, 4.7131 SiO₂, 0.0213 Cr₂O₃, 0.0167 R₂O, 0.0072 Na₂O. The following oxides were introduced over the 100% composition of the enamel: MgO, BaO, ZrO₂ and TiO₂. The burning of the insulators was carried out in the tunnel furnace at the plant at 1,320°C. The tensile strength limits were determined on a hydraulic press. The results of the tests show that oxides vary in their effect on the mechanical resistance of the insulator. For example, ZrO₂ in all cases increases the

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87523

SOV/81-59-5-16254

The Effect of the Enamel Composition on the Mechanical Resistance of
Porcelain Insulators

mechanical resistance of the samples. BaO and MgO do not have an appreciable
effect on increasing the mechanical resistance. TiO_2 shows some increase in
the mechanical resistance but the pouring of the enamel in this case becomes
worse. LH-

S. Tumanov

Card 2/2

S/112/59/000/012/017/097
AO52/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika, 1959, No. 12, pp. 15-16,
24022

AUTHORS: Kukolev, G.V., Livson, Z.A., Piven', I.Ya.

TITLE: The Effect of the Glaze Composition on Mechanical Strength of
Porcelain Insulators

PERIODICAL: Tr. Khar'kovsk. politekhnich. in-ta, 1953, No. 18, pp. 207-210

TEXT: Glaze layer affects strongly mechanical, electric and chemical properties of porcelain insulators. The problem of the quality of glaze is handled by researchers differently. Some maintain that negative glazes having a higher coefficient of temperature expansion than porcelain reduce the tensile strength of insulators, on the contrary, positive glazes with a lower coefficient of temperature expansion increase the mechanical strength of porcelain. Others believe that only unstressed glazes increase the mechanical strength of insulators. It is also maintained that an increase in the mechanical strength of glazed porcelain is determined by surface phenomena on the porcelain-glaze boundary. The quality

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S/112/59/000/012/017/097
A052/A001

The Effect of the Glaze Composition on Mechanical Strength of Porcelain Insulators

of glaze on insulators depends on the chemical composition of glaze, fineness of grinding, baking conditions, etc. In experiments carried out at the Insulator Plant imeni Artem (Slavyansk) was taken as a base, the composition of the brown glaze used at the Plant; this composition was changed by adding MgO , BaO , ZrO_2 , TiO_2 and other oxides. Glaze was applied to 8-like porcelain samples with the least cross-section of 2 cm^2 . The fineness of glaze grinding was 0.1% of the rest on a sieve with 10,000 meshes per cm^2 . The samples were prepared of a vacuumized substance; they were baked in a tunnel-type furnace at a temperature of $1,320^\circ\text{C}$. The highest tensile strength was observed in samples with glaze having 3% ZrO_2 admixture, an addition of BaO or MgO yielded no increase of mechanical strength. An addition of TiO_2 increased mechanical strength of porcelain but also the refractoriness of glaze. An addition of Al_2O_3 (3-5%) increased also tensile strength; on the contrary, SiO_2 did not give any increase of mechanical strength of porcelain or even decreased it. In a lot of suspension insulators П-4,5 (P-4.5) coated with glaze with 3% ZrO_2 , a 8-10% increase of mechanical strength was observed at electric-mechanical tests. In the increase in mechanical

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S/112/59/000/012/017/097
AO52/A001

The Effect of the Glaze Composition on Mechanical Strength of Porcelain Insulators
strength of glaze a certain role is played by the increase of cation coordination
number (6-8 with Zr instead of 4 with Si) in the contact glaze-porcelain layer.
There are 8 references.

N.V.N.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

Card 3/3

LIVSON, Z.A.; LISOVAYA, Ye.D.; KOZLOVA, Ye.I.

Properties of drosses containing alumina and the most efficient
conditions of filtration on continuously operating vacuum filters.
Trudy KhPI 31 no.1:43-55 '59. (MIRA 13:10)
(Refractory materials)

KUKOLEV, G.B.; LIVSON, Z.A.; BELIK, Ya.G.; PIVEN', I.Ya.

Changes in porcelain insulators after long use on high-voltage
lines. Trudy KhPI 31 no.1:71-78 '59. (MIRA 13:10)
(Electric insulators and insulation)

KUKOLEV, G.V.; LIVSON, Z.A.; BELIK, Ya.G.; KOZLOVA, Ye.I.; LISOVAYA, Ye.D.;
SHOLOMOVA, E.M.

Effective ceramic products made of local clays. Stroi. mat. 9
no.4:4-6 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:5)
(Kharkov--Ceramics)

KUKOLEV, G.V.; LIVSON, Z.A.; KOZLOVA, Ye.I.; LISOVAYA, Ye.D.; SHOLOMOVA, E.M.

Making use of the waste clay extracted from the refractory clay
of the Chasov Yar deposit. Stroil. mat., det. i izd. no. 2:4-12:
165 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskii institut imeni V.I. Lenina.

LIVSON, Z.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; RYSHCHENKO, M.I., inzh.

Quartz pelite as raw material for the manufacture of faience products.
Stek. 1 ker. 22 no.4:20-73 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskij institut imeni V.I.Lenina.

LIVSON, Z.A.; SHCHEPILOV, N.S.; LISOVAYA, Ye.D.; KOZLOVA, Ye.I.

Electric rotating furnace with cryptol resistors. Zav. lab.
31 no.11:1417 '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskii institut imeni Lenina.

LIVTINOV, V.L.; SOLOMIN, Yu.S.

may be LIVINOV

Possibilities of dividing and correlating granitoids
by rare and dispersed elements in the rock-forming minerals.
Geol. i geofiz. no.6:60-74 '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. L'vovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Franko.
(Amazar Valley--Granite)

LIVURDOV, I.F.

Obetkanie tel, blizkikh k tsilindru i sharu. (Moscow, Universitet. Uchenye zapiski, 1937. v 7. Mekhanika. p. 171-180, diagrs.)

Title tr.: Streamline flow around bodies of a shape approaching that of a cylinder or a sphere.

SO. Aeronautical Science and Aviation in the Soviet Union. Library of Congress, 1955.

124-1957-1-500D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1957, Nr 1, p 62 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Livurdov, I. F.

TITLE: The Nonstationary Motion of a Liquid in Pipes Having Variable and Constant Cross-section (Neustanovivsheyeya dvizheniye zhidkosti v trubakh s peremennym i postoyannym secheniyem)

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree of Doctor of Technical Sciences, presented to the In-t mekhan. AN SSSR (Institute of Mechanics, USSR Academy of Sciences), Moscow, 1956

ASSOCIATION: In-t mekhan. AN SSSR (Institute of Mechanics, USSR Academy of Sciences), Moscow

1. Liquids--Motion--Analysis 2. Pipes--Applications

Card 1/1

ZVYAGINTSEVA, Klavdiya Mikhaylovna; SLIPENKO, Klara Konstantinovna;
LIVYANT, E., red.

[Raw materials resources for the chemistry of the Kuznets
Basin and Altai] Syr'evaia baza khimii Kuzbassa i Altaia. Ke-
merovo, Kemerovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1964. 62 p.
(MIRA 18:3)

SOV/110-58-12-19/22

AUTHORS: Malinin, S.G., Engineer and Livyant, V.Z., Engineer

TITLE: An All-Union Conference on Large-Unit Packaged
Electrical Equipment (Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po
komplektnomu krupnoblochnomu elektrooborudovaniyu)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Elektropromyshlennosti, 1958, Nr 12, pp 70-73 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: An All-Union Conference was held in Leningrad on the design and manufacture of large-unit packaged electrical equipment for high and low voltages. The conference was attended by more than 500 delegates of Councils of National Economy, Ministries and Committees, Works, Power Stations, Construction, Erection, Research and Design Organisations; groups of delegates from agricultural organisations also participated. An exhibition of packaged electrical equipment proved very popular. The advantages of packaged equipment in cutting down erection time and saving skilled labour are explained. A brief review of the manufacture of packaged equipment in the Soviet Union is given. The representative of GOSPLAN USSR, V.S.Tulin, reviewed the main problems in developing and manufacturing packaged electrical equipment in the period 1959-65.

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SOV/110-58-12-19/22

An All-Union Conference on Large-Unit Packaged Electrical Equipment

The representative of the Ministry of Power Stations, A.M.Kri vorotov, described the use of standard series of packaged electrical equipment in power stations and sub-stations. L.M.Kanevskiy reported on the proposed distribution of production of packaged equipment between different factories. Reports on the design of new series of packaged electrical equipment were delivered by V.A.Grachev, V.V.Girshberg and A.A.Goldobekov. I.R.Klasson described foreign packaged distribution equipment for 220 kV. The following representatives of factories also gave reports: L.S.Shugayev, V.M.Ovcharov, P.P.Burak, B.V.Olendzskiy, V.S.Kindyakov, K.A.Movsesyan, I.N.Shteynberg, A.A.Podushkin, G.F.Edel'shteyn, D.S.Itenberg, G.Ya.Kazakevich, V.A.Yuditskiy, L.Z.Arkus, L.K.Greyner and others. Users of packaged equipment, notably in agriculture, power stations, coal, metallurgical, oil and other industries claimed that not enough such equipment is yet produced and the quality is often poor. Production of this type of equipment must be developed

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SOV/110-58-12-19/22

An All-Union Conference on Large-Unit Packaged Electrical Equipment and the quality improved. It is necessary to reduce the size of control and protection panels and to bring the various types of control equipment together on a single panel where necessary. The equipment fitted on the panels must be made much smaller. A number of detailed recommendations about types of construction are given.

Card 3/3

LIV'IANT, IA.

O proekte novoi sistemy tarifov na perevozki gruzov avtomobil'nym transportom.

[The proposes new rate system for automotive freight transport.] (Avtomobil', 1950
no.6, p.3-4)

DLC: TL4.A87

Normy i tarify na avtotransporte; spravochnik. [Standards and rates in the automotive
transportation; a reference book]. Kiev, Gos izd-vo tekhn. lit-ry Ukrainy, 1949. 195p.

DLC: HE5675.A6N6

S0: Soviet Transportation and Communications, A Bibliography, Library of Congress
Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.

LIV'JANT, JA.

Razgruxit' zheleznodorozhnyi transport ot neratsional'nykh perevozok gruzov. [To free the railroads, of irrational freight transport]. (Avtomobil, ' 1951, no.3, p. 4-8, tables).

DLC: TL4.A87

SO: Soviet Transportation and Communications, A Bibliography, Library of Congress, Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.

BRONSHTEYN, L.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; NAMOKONOV, K.G., shofer;
SMIRNOV, O.S., retsenzent; LIV'YANT, Ya.A., retsenzent; NIKITIN,
V.I., shofer, retsenzent; BAUMAN, I.M., inzhener, redaktor;
TIKHONOV, A.Ya., tekhnicheskiiy redaktor

[Improving the operation of trucks and lowering the cost of trans-
port] Uluchshenie ispol'zovaniia avtomobilei i snizhenie sebe-
stoimosti perevozok. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashino-
stroit. i sudostroit. lit-ry, 1954. 146 p. (MIRA 7:10)
(Motor trucks) (Transportation, Automotive)

LIV'YANT, Ya.

Centralizing freight haulage to and from railroad stations. Avt.transp.
32 no.2:3-5 P '54. (MLRA 7:6)
(Transportation, Automotive)

LIV'YANT, Ya.

On the All-Purpose Automotive Transport Code. Avt.transp. 33
no.7:7-9 J1'55. (MLRA 8:12)
(Transportation, Automotive--Laws and regulations)

VERKHOVSKIY, Igor' Aleksandrovich, kandidat ekonomicheskikh nauk; LIV'YANT, Ya.A., redaktor; KOGAN, F.L., tekhnicheskii redaktor.

[Planning freight hauling by general purpose trucks] Planirovanie perevozok грузов avtomobil'nykh transportom obshchego pol'zovaniia. Moskva, Nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo avtotransp. lit-ry, 1956. 65 p.

(MLRA 10:4)

(Transportation, Automotive)

LIV'YANT, Ya.A.

KANIOVSKIY, Petr Valer'yanovich, prof.; LIV'YANT, Ya.A., red.; KOGAN, F.L.,
tekhn.red.

[Organization and planning of automotive transports] Organizatsiya
i planirovaniye avtomobil'nykh perevozok. Izd. 2-e, perer. Moskva,
Nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo avtotransp, lit-ry, 1957. 323 p. (MIRA 11:3)
(Transportation, Automotive)

LIV'YANT, Yakov Aronovich; MRLIKH, M.D., red.; ZUYEVA, N.K., tekhn. red.

~~SECRET~~
[Organization of transporting and forwarding work] Organizatsiia
transportno-ekspeditsionnoi raboty. Moskva, Nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo
avtotransp. lit-ry, 1958. 274 p. (MIRA 11:8)
(Freight and freightage)

LIV'YANT, Ya.

Organizing freight haulage by small shipments. Avt. transp. 36 no.1:
5-6 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:1)

(Transportation, Automotive)

HAYDENOV, Boris Fedorovich; LIV'YANT, Ya.A., red.; GALAKTIONOVA, Ye.N.,
tekhn.red.

[Handbook of weights by volume and of specific volumes of loads
carried by motor transport] Spravochnik po ob'emnym vesam i
udel'nym ob'emam грузов, perevoziykh avtomobil'nykh transportom.
Izd.2., ispr.i dop. Moskva, Nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo M-va avtomobil'-
nogo trasp. i shosseinykh dorog RSFSR, 1959. 135 p. (MIRA 12:4)

(Transportation, Automotive)

(Freight and freights--Tables and ready-reckoners)

BRONSHTEYN, L.A., dotsent; AFANAS'YEV, L.L., dotsent, BASH, M.S., dotsent;
VLASKO, Yu.M., inzh.; ZEMSKOV, P.F., inzh.; KRAMARENKO, G.V.,
dotsent; LEYDERMAN, S.R., dotsent; LIV'YANT, Ya.A., ispoln.obyazan-
nosti dotsenta; LYUBINSKIY, N.M., inzh.; NAYDENOV, B.F., inzh.;
FINKEL'SHTEYN, A.L., inzh.; KHROMOV, A.A., inzh.; CHUDINOV, A.A.,
inzh.; GOBERMAN, I.M., red.; GALAKTIONOVA, Ye.N., tekhn.red.;
DONSKAYA, G.D., tekhn.red.

[Centralized automotive freight haulage] TSentralizovannyye pere-
vozki грузов avtomobil'nykh transportom. Pod obshchey red. I.M.
Gobermana. Moskva, Nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo M-va avtomobil'nogo transpor-
ta i shosseinykh dorog RSFSR, 1960. 206 p. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Moscow. Avtomobil'no-dorozhnyy institut.
(Transportation, Automotive)

LIV'YANT, Yakov Aronovich; TIKHONCHUK, Yuriy Nikolayevich; ERLIKH, Moisey Davidovich; DLUGACH, B.A., red.; STRYZHKOVA, N.I., red. izd-va; GALAKTIONOVA, Ye.N., tekhn.red.

[Coordination of the work of the automotive and railroad transportation] Koordinatsiia raboty avtomobil'nogo i shelezno-dorozhnogo transporta. Moskva, Avtotransizdat, 1963. 363 p.
(MIRA 16:6)

(Transportation) (Freight and freightage)

1964 N. Ya.A.

Organization of dispatching work in interurban automotive transport
transportation. Trudy MIEI no. C.34-43 '63.

PROKOF'YEV, Ivan Iosifovich. prof.: ANISIMOV, Aleksey Petrovich,
kand. tekhn. nau' ERONSHTEYN, I.A., prof., retsenzent;
LIV'YANT, Ya.A., red.

[Economics of automotive transportation] Ekonomika avto-
mobil'nogo transporta. Moskva, Transport, 1965. 311 p.
(MIRA 18:7)

LIWINSKI, Wojciech

Coreless induction heating appliances fed by the main frequency of the network. Elektryka Lodz no.3:33-46 '58.

1. Institute of Technology, Department of Electric Heating,
Lodz.

LIVYY, G-V

Devulcanization process in making reclaim. G. V. Livyi
and A. D. Zafonchikovskii. *Legkaya Prom.* 15, No. 7
33-8 (1956).—A study was made of the thermal swelling of
rubbers made from SKB and SKS-30 in softeners having
different viscosities and temp. intervals. Softeners with
small intervals cause initial high swelling and low residual
swelling; those with high intervals cause the reverse.
Org. acids and O-contg. compds. accelerate swelling and
increase effectiveness of softeners. The swelling process
follows a smooth curve. Rise of temp. accelerates swelling
considerably. The extent of swelling and effect of temp.
rise are greater for rubbers of butadiene-styrene base than
for those of Na butadiene base. Temps. above 200° lead to
destructive soln. of butadiene-styrene rubber in liquid
softeners. Addn. of benzoic acid and naphthalene acceler-
ates swelling. B. Z. Kamich

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A 84

LIVYY, G. V.

~~Destruction of rubber substance in making reclaim.~~
A. D. Zafonchovskii and G. V. Livyi. *Lekaya Prom.* 15,
No. 9, 34-40 (1955).—The change of a swollen vulcanizate
from the elastic to the plastic state is accompanied by
increased chloroform ext. and is apparently due to oxidation
and mech. destruction of the rubber. Destruction is
accelerated by oxidants. Boiler devulcanization in air
proceeds most rapidly and, with rubber SKS-30, gives
reclaim with max. chloroform ext. and plasticity.
B. Z. Kamich

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MA

Livyy, G. V.

OSER/ Chemistry - Chemical technology

Card 1/2

Pub. 116 - 23/25

Authors : Kuznetsov, V. I. ; Govorova, R. P.; Livyy, G. V.; and Landa, I. M.

Title : Use of furfurole extracts of ligroin-kerosene fractions of primary lignite tar for reclaiming of rubber

Periodical : Ukr. khim. zhur. 21/1, 127-131, 1955

Abstract : Lignite tar refining wastes and especially furfurole extracts of ligroin-kerosene fractions were investigated to determine their applicability as plasticizers for rubber reclamation. It was found that the ligroin-kerosene extract is an active swelling agent for synthetic rubber. Even though the extract cannot be used in pure form for the reclamation of rubber it is, however, well applicable as a diluent of solid plasticizers which makes it possible to obtain reclaimed rubber with high physico-mechanical

Institution : Acad. of Sc., Ukr-SSR, Heat Energy Institute, The Rubber Reclaiming Plant, Kiev.

Submitted : February 20, 1955

Periodical : Ukr. khim. zhur. 21/1, 127-131, 1955

Card 2/2 : Pub. 116 - 23/25

Abstract : properties. The best results were obtained during the application of solid plasticizers of the colophony, coumarone resin types. Four USSR references (1938-1953). Tables; graphs.

LIVYY, G.V., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KHARIN, I.I., inzhener.

Let's introduce well-chosen indexes for use in the production of
footwear rubber. Leg.prom. 16 no.5:13-14 My '56. (MLRA 9:8)
(Boots and shoes, Rubber) (Rubber industry)

LIVYY, G.V.; ZHURKO, V.A.; LANDA, I.M.

Thermomechanical regeneration of colored rubbers. Leg. prom.
16 no.7:30-33 J1 '56. (MLRA 9:10)

(Rubber, Reclaimed)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000930310014-0

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000930310014-0"

LIVYY, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk

Results of the work of the Ukrainian Scientific Research Institute
of the Leather and Shoe Industry. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; tekhn.prom.
no.6:11-17 '58. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Direktor Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta kozhe-
venno-obuvnoy promyshlennosti.
(Ukraine--Leather research)

LIVYY, G.V.

Scientific research conducted by the Institute for the Development
of the Leather and Shoe Industry. Kozh.-obuv. prom. no.3:8-12
Mr '59. (MIRA 12:6)

1.Direktor Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta kozhevennoy
promyshlennosti.

(Leather research)

KHRIPIN, A.G., inzh.; BRAGINSKIY, M.A., inzh.; PASTOVETS, O.S., inzh.;
KARPUKHIN, G.G., inzh.; TERESHCHENKO, F.P., inzh.; LIVYY, G.V.,
kand.tekhn.nauk

Drying of chrome leather under dynamic conditions. Izv.vys.
ucheb.zav.; tekhn.prom. no.6:67-76 '59.

(MIRA 13:5)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kozhevenno-
obuvnoy promyshlennosti (for Khripin, Braginskiy, Pastovets,
Livyy, Karpukhin). 2. Kiyevskiy kozhevennyy kombinat (for
Tereshchenko).

(Leather--Drying)

LIVYY, G.V.

Scientific research of the institute on the expansion of
the shoe industry. Kozh.-obuv.prom. no.9:5-8 S '59.
(MIRA 13:2)

1. Direktor Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
kozhevenno-obuvnoy promyshlennosti.
(Ukraine--Shoe industry)

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S/138/60/000/01/07/010

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AUTHORS: Zhurko, V.A., Livyy, G.V., Landa, I.M., Tsipenyuk, E.V.

TITLE: Investigation in the Field of Development of Formulae and Production Technology of Microporous Rubbers Based on Combined Polymers

PERIODICAL: Kauchuk i Rezina, 1960, No. 1, pp. 41 - 47

TEXT: Grafted and block polymers are used in many branches of the industry. In the production of these materials oxygen of the air must be prevented from reacting with the active centers. The combination of rubbers with synthetic resins was studied which was carried out with the aim of reducing the specific gravity and increasing the hardness and wear-resistance of the rubbers. Emulsion polystyrene of the TU 1827-51 type was used as the principal masticator. Polystyrene can be combined with rubber in a uniform way only if it is converted into the viscous-fluid state. The temperature for this conversion was determined on a special device measuring the deformation of the material to be tested. A diagram of the device is given. The temperature mentioned is 140°C for polystyrene of B type and also for SKS-30 rubber. Rubber can be combined with polystyrene by means of rollers or by rubber mixers of the "Werner Pfleiderer", or DK-14 1/2 types. The

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Investigation in the Field of Development of Formulae and Production Technology of Microporous Rubbers Based on Combined Polymers

fractional composition of polystyrene has a great effect on the condition of combination. If the residue on a 02-918 screen is 50%, the preparation of the master batch lasts 25 min, if it is only 35% the duration decreases to 15 min. The conditions for combining rubber and polystyrene depend on the dispersion of the latter and the temperature of its transition into the viscous-fluid state. Free access of oxygen during processing of the master batch reduces the resistance, the specific elongation and the hardness of the vulcanized batches. The optimum polystyrene dose for mixtures containing 50% of rubber is 20-30 weight parts per 100 weight parts of rubber. The low content of fillers (12-13% based on the mixture) in light rubbers makes their calendaring difficult. Butadiene-styrene rubber is introduced, therefore, with natural rubber. The optimum ratio for this purpose is 30% SKS-30 and 20% natural rubber, if the total rubber content in the mixture is 50%. For ensuring a specific elongation of 220-240%, the plasticity of the rubbers used must be kept at 0.30-0.40 for SKS-30 and at 0.40-0.45 for natural rubber. The total amount of softeners (colophony and vaseline) is 6-8% based on the mixture. Rubbers of the "progress" type contain a large dose of pore-forming agent: the

Card 2/3

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S/138/60/000/01/07/010

Investigation in the Field of Development of Formulae and Production Technology of Microporous Rubbers Based on Combined Polymers

porophore ChKhZ-5 (up to 5% based on the mixture). The porophore can cause scorching of the rubber. A uniform and fine porosity increases the service time of the rubber products. Good results were also obtained with SKS-40D rubber and SBS-85 resin. There are 4 tables, 10 graphs, 1 diagram and 15 references: 13 Soviet, 1 English and 1 French. ✓

ASSOCIATION: Kiyevskiy regeneratno-rezinovyy zavod (Kiyev Reclaimed Rubber Plant)

Card 3/3

KHRIPIN, A.G., inzh.; BRAGINSKIY, M.A., inzh.; FASTOVETS, O.S., inzh.;
KARPUKHIN, G.G., inzh.; TERESHCHENKO, F.P., inzh.; LIVIY, G.V., kand.
tekhn.nauk.

Drying of chrome leather in the dynamic state. Report No.2.

Izv. vys.ucheb.zav.; tekhn.prom. no.2:62-70 '60.

(MIRA 13:11)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kozhevenno-obuvnoy promyshlennosti (for Khripin, Braginskiy, Fastovets & Karpukhin).
2. Kiyevskiy kozhevennyy kombinat (for Tereshchenko).
3. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kozhevennoy promyshlennosti (for Livyy).

(Leather--Drying)

LANDA, I.M., inzh.; TSIPENYUK, E.V., inzh.; LIVYY, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk;
BRONSHTEYN, F.V., inzh.

Studying the use of polystyrene of various makes in sole rubber
manufacture. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; tekhn.prom. no.6:33-41 '60.
(MIRA 14:1)

1. Kiyevskiy regeneratno-rezinovyy zavod (for Landa & TSipenyuk).
2. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kozhevenno-obuvnoy
promyshlennosti (for Livyy & Bronshteyn). Rekomendovana kafedroy
tekhnologii iskusstvennoy kozhi Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskogo
instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.
(Rubber, Synthetic) (Styrene)

LIVYY, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; MERZON, A.G., inzh.

It is necessary to increase the use of pigskin in shoe
manufacture. Kozh.-obuv. prom. 2 no. 11:12-13 N '60.

(MIRA 13:12)

(Ukraine--Shoe manufacture)

(Leather)

2-11/1 3 0 1
ZHURKO, V.A.; LIVYY, G.V.; LANDA, I.M.; TSIPENYUK, E.V.

Studying the formulation, compounding, and production
technology of microporous rubbers based on compatible
polymers. Kauch.i rez. 19 no.1:41-47 Ja '60.
(MIRA 13:5)

1. Kiyevskiy regeneratno-rezinovyy zavod.
(Rubber) (Polymers)

LIVYY, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; KUTOVSKIY, M.Ya., inzh.; BELOSHTAN, A.P.,
~~PETROV, I.S.~~

"Technology of leather and fur" by N.V. Chernov and others. Reviewed by G.V. Livyi and others. Kozh.-obuv.prom. 3 no.6:36-38
Jo '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kozhevenno-obuvnoy promyshlennosti (for Livyy). 2. Kozhevennyy zavod imeni Kominterna (for Kutovskiy). 3. Belorusskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekstil'noy i legkoy promyshlennosti (for Beloshtan).
4. Kalininskiy kozhevennyy zavod "Krasnyy Oktyabr'" (for Petrov).
(Leather) (Fur) (Chernov, N.V.) (Aronina, I.N.)
(Gaidarov, L.P.) (Gaidavteeva, A.A.) (Strakhov, I.P.)
(Shestakova, I.S.)

S/081/63/000/004/050/051
B156/B180

AUTHORS: Livyy, G. V., Landa, I., M., Tsipenyuk, E. V., Bronshteyn, F.V.
TITLE: Research in the development of formulas and production technologies for microporous resins based on copolymers
PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 4, 1963, 650, abstract 4T365 (Nauchno-issled. tr. Ukr. n.-i. in-t kozh.-obuvn. prom-sti, sb. 12, 1960, 201 - 219)

TEXT: Temperature versus mechanical properties curves were plotted for CMC-30 (SKS-30) and polystyrene (I) to find the temperatures at which both components enter the viscous-fluid state required for their combination (140-160°C). In practice the operation is performed on heated rollers (30 min), but it is better to use a rubber mixer with increased friction (1:1.4) with gradual introduction of I to the rubber, at a ratio of 1:1-12. With smaller amounts of I the mechanical action is less vigorous as particles of I become coated with rubber. If temperature and time are increased cross-linking results, and T_f for the mother mixture to be produced is raised. Concentrated mother mixtures must be diluted with fresh SKS-30 to
Card 1/2

Research in the development of ...

S/081/63/000/004/050/051
B156/B180

give the required plasticity. The conditions of combination depend on the molecular weight of the I, which falls as its dispersion rises due to degradation during reduction. The optimum I addition, for porous resins to be used at low temperatures is 20 - 30 parts by weight to 100 parts by weight SKS-30, with the mixture containing 50 % rubber. Calendering, which is hampered by the small amount of fillers (12 - 13 %) is improved by partially replacing the SKS-30 by NK (30 % SKS-30, 20 % NK). For elongation of 220 - 240 % the plasticity of the SKS-30 must be 0.50 - 0.40 and that of the NK 0.45 - 0.40, when the mixture contains 6 - 8 % of plasticizers. If a paste consisting of 4x3-5 (ChKhZ-5) and a slumy of Na bicarbonate with melted vaseline and oleic acid is used, there is less scorching of the mixture, and vulcanizing for 12 - 14 min at 165°C gives fine uniform porosity. In addition to I, good results were obtained from mixtures with CEC-85 (SBS-85) resin and SKS-40D rubber; SKS-50 gave poor results. A continuous production process for porous resins with spec.g's. of 0.3 - 0.4 has been developed on the basis of this research. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

LIVYI, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk:

Prospects of progress in the development of advanced equipment
and technology in the leather and shoe industry of the Ukrainian
S.S.R. Kozh-obuv.prom. 3 no.10:23-25 O '61. (IPA 14:10)
(Ukraine--Leather industry)
(Ukraine--Shoe industry)

S/081/62/000/021/060/069
B160/B186

AUTHORS: Krasnokutskaya, M. Ye., Bronshteyn, F. V., Livyy, G. V.

TITLE: Study of the properties of compositions of CHK-30 (SKS-30) rubber with high-pressure polyethylene

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 21, 1962, 493.
abstract 21P380 (Izv. vyssh. uchebn. zavedeniy. Tekhnol. legk. prom-sti, no. 1, 1962, 29-33)

TEXT: Rubber and polyethylene compositions (RPC) made with fresh thermoplasticized SKS-30 are fully extracted and separated quantitatively into components. RPC made with seasoned rubber do not allow total extraction of the components. The possibility of separating RPC depends on the degree to which the rubber is structured, i. e. on the amount of gel skeleton. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

LIVYY, G.V.; GAL'PEROVICH, M.G.; VASILYUK, N.Z.; SOPRIKO, A.Ye.;
KAZARINA, N.I.; CHURINA, V.I.; GIL'MAN, B.A.; YEGOROV, K.A.;
GOICHAR, Ye.G.

Method of refining the skin side of fur articles made with low
grade peltry; Soviet Certificate of Inventions No.1,7290. Kozh.-
obuv.prom. 4 no.8:43 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Fur industry--Technological innovations)

LIVYY, G.V.; KAZARINA, N.N.; GIL'MAN, B.A.; RUDENKO, S.D.; DREVINA, N.G.;
~~RESHERTNAYA~~, N.S.; ALPATSKAYA, V.P.; KOZLOVSKIY, S.I.;
SLYUNIN, B.S.

Development and application of reinforced film coating of sheepskins
for coats. Kozh.-obuv.prom. 4 no.3:25-28 Mr '62, (MIRA 15:5)
(~~Fur~~-Dressing and dyeing)

KOSTENKO, D.G., inzh.; LIVYY, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; PONOMAREV, S.G., kand.
tekhn.nauk; RABINOVICH, F.I., inzh.; MALKIMAN, Ye.I., inzh.

Effect of the various methods for tanning stiff leather on its
wear resistance. Report No.3. Nauch.-issl.trudy Ukr NIIKP no.13:3-
12, '62. (MIRA 18:2)

LIVYY, G.V., kand.tekin.nauk; KACARINA, D.N., inzh.; BRAGINSKIY, M.A., inzh.
SUKHOREBRYI, V.A., inzh.

Continuous diffusion of tanning materials in a rotating diffuser
unit. Nauch.-issl.trudy Ukr NIIP no.13:68-76 '62.

(MIRA 18:2)

LIVYY, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk

Technological progress in the leather and footwear industry.
Kosh.-obuv.prom. 5 no.1:4-7 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:2)
(Leather industry) (Shoe industry)

LIVIIY, G.V. [Livyi, H.V.], kand. tekhn. nauk; PONOMAREV, S.G. [Ponomar'ov, S.H.], kand. tekhn. nauk; VOINOV, I.P.; METS, M.M.; ERACINSKIY, M.A. [Brahins'kiy, M.A.]; FLORINSKIY, V.P. [Floryns'kiy, V.P.]

Device for determining the wear resistance of materials for shoe soles. Leh. prom. no.4:48-51 O-D '64 (MIRA 18:1)

LIVYY, G.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; KAZARINA, H.N., inzh.; GIL'MAN, B.A., inzh.;
FASTOVETS, O.S., inzh.; MOROZYUK, H.I., inzh.; LITVINOV, Sh.I.,
inzh.; SAGAYDACHNYY, V.G., inzh.; BALAYEV, Ya.V., inzh.;
FITSA, A.S., inzh.

Manufacture of leather for lining and accessories from the
face split of DOL type pigskins. Kozh.-obuv. prom. 7 no.6:
29-32 Je '65. (MIRA 18:8)

LIVYY, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; KHRIPIN, A.V., inzh.; BRAGINSKIY, M.A., inzh.;
KARPUKHIN, G.G., inzh.; PASTOVEL, G.I., inzh.; ABRAMSKAYA, L.B., inzh.;
BEREZOVSKAYA, M.G., inzh.; YERZHENKO, P.P., inzh.; Prinizali
uchastliye: OLEYNIK, N.N.; ZHURBA, T.T.; GORONOVSKAYA, M.A.; SHAVZIN,
A.I.; GERTSVOL'F, B.S.

Unit for dynamic drying of animal leather. Report No.1. Nauch..
issl.trudy Ukr NIIP no.13:89-106 '62.

(MIRA 18:2)

LIVYY, G.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; FISH, B.I.; GORUCH, Yul'F.; PATAR KA, L.N.;
GIL'MAN, B.A.

Utilization of sheep pelts unsuitable for the production of fur
in the manufacture of chrome leather for shoe uppers and lining.
Kozh.-obuv. prom. 7 no.12:12-14 D '65.

(MIRA 19:2)

LIWINSKI, Wojciech

Computation of heating inductors. Elektryka Lodz 13:51-62 '64.

1. Department of Electric Heating, Technical University, Lodz.

LIWOWSKI, J.

"Standardization in the Synthetic Fiber Industry." P. 292. (PRZEMISL
CHEMICZNY, Vol. 10, No. 6, June, 1954, Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4,
No. 1, Jan. 1955 Uncl.

Liwowski, J
POLAND/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their
Application. Artificial and Synthetic Fibers.

K-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 6558

Author : Liwowski

Inst : -

Title : Artificial Fibers as Domestic Raw Materials for the
Polish Industry.

Orig Pub : Przem. chem., 1956, 12, No 9, 502-505

Abstract : It is pointed out that the planned fiber consumption in
Poland is to raised to 10 kg per capita per annum by
1969 (instead of 6 kg in 1951), including 3 kg syn-
thetic fibers (the proportion of the synthetic fibers
is planned to remain small until 1960).

Card 1/1

LIMSKI, L.

The purposefulness of the Zeran water investments. p.227.

(GOSPODARKA WODNA. Vol. 17, No. 5, May 1957. Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (BELL) LC. Vol. 6, No. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

LIWSKI, M.

TECHNOLOGY

PERIODICAL: GOSPODARKA WODNA. Vol. 18, no. 9, Sept. 1958

LIWSKI, M. Hydromechanization in constructing a dam having defined dimensions and shape at the port of Zeran. p. 413.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC Vol. 8, no. 4.

April 1959, Unclass

LIWSKI, Olgierd

Limits of decentralization. Przegl drob wytworczy 12 no. 5:8-9. March '62.

LIWSKI, Ryszard

On the value of the determination of proteoses in clinical internal diseases. Polskie arch. med. wewn. 32 no.5:455-460 '62.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych AM w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr med. A. Biernacki i z Oddziału Wewnętrznego Szpitala Okręgowego w Warszawie.

(KIDNEY DISEASES urine) (PROTEINS urine)
(ARTHRITIS RHEUMATOID urine) (LUPUS ERYTHEMATOSUS urine)

LIWSKI, Ryszard

Negram in the treatment of severe cases of chronic pyelonephritis.
Pol. arch. med. wewnet. 35 no.2:203-208 '65

1. Z Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie
(Kierownik: prof. dr. med. T. Orlowski).